

**STANDARD TERMS FOR PERSONAL NON-EXCLUSIVE
LICENCES FOR EXPLORATION FOR AND EXPLOITATION
OF MINERALS
2008**



Greenland Home Rule
Bureau of Minerals and Petroleum
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GREENLAND HOME RULE
BUREAU OF MINERALS AND PETROLEUM

**STANDARD TERMS FOR PERSONAL NON-EXCLUSIVE LICENCES FOR
EXPLORATION FOR AND EXPLOITATION OF MINERALS**

§ 1. Definitions

101. Unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context, the following expressions shall have the following meaning when used in these standard terms and the licence with appendices:
- a. “Greenland” means the island of Greenland with surrounding islands, including the continental shelf.
 - b. “BMP” means the Bureau of Minerals and Petroleum; cf. s. 5 of the Mineral Resources Act.
 - c. “Licence authority” means the authorities (the Greenland Home Rule Government and the Danish Government) that grant licences for prospecting and exploration for and exploitation of mineral resources in Greenland; cf. ss. 3, 6 and 7 of the Mineral Resources Act.
 - d. “Mineral resources” mean all mineral resources covered by the Mineral Resources Act.
 - e. “Hard minerals” mean all mineral resources covered by the Mineral Resources Act, except hydrocarbons and radioactive elements.
 - f. “Licensee” means the person to whom the Home Rule Government has granted the licence.
 - g. “Licensees” mean several persons to whom the Home Rule Government has jointly granted a licence for prospecting and exploration for or exploitation of minerals.
 - h. “Standard terms” mean these standard terms for non-exclusive licences for exploration for and exploitation of minerals.
 - i. “Licence” means the licence granted by the Home Rule Government to the Licensee.
 - j. “Licence area” means the area covered by the licence; cf. § 6.
 - k. “Licence period” means the period in which the licence is valid; cf. § 7.
 - l. “Personal licence” means a non-exclusive licence for exploration for and exploitation of minerals in Greenland.

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- m. “Exclusive licence” means an exclusive licence for exploration for or exploitation of mineral resources, including an exclusive licence for small-scale exploration and exploitation.
 - n. “Mineral activities” mean prospecting and exploration for or exploitation of minerals.
 - o. “Movable dwelling unit” means any dwelling or accommodation unit that can be moved from one place to another and is designed for use in different places during its lifetime, including caravans and mobile homes.
 - p. “Supervisory authority” means BMP and the authority(ies), person(s) or enterprise(s), etc. that BMP authorises to supervise the licensee’s activities under the licence.
 - q. “DKK” means Danish kroner.

§ 2. Application procedure

- 201. An application for the granting of a personal licence must be submitted on BMP’s application form as set out in Appendix 1. The application must include satisfactory information about the following matters:
 - a. The applicant’s name, address, telephone number and email address, if any.
 - b. The licence area applied for. It must be determined and delineated as stated in paragraph 605 and shown in a map with information on corner coordinates in degrees, minutes and seconds. The licence area applied for must not overlap licence areas granted to others with exclusive licences. Nor must the licence area applied for overlap areas covered by applications for exclusive licences if prior to the receipt of the application for the personal licence BMP has received the applications for exclusive licences (and any fees) and is able to consider them on the basis of the documents and information received.
 - c. Other matters that may be relevant in assessing the application, including the matters mentioned in paragraph 307, to the extent that BMP has stated that applications must contain information about such matters.
 - d. Indication of the minerals for which the licence is desired.
 - e. The applicant’s payment of an application fee as set out in paragraph 205.
- 202. An application for the granting of a personal licence must be submitted to BMP.
- 203. An application received by BMP is registered under an application date. If BMP receives the application within BMP’s office hours (9 am – 4 pm Greenland time in Nuuk) on ordinary working days in Greenland, this day will be registered as the application date. If the application is received outside BMP’s office hours, the next working day will be registered as the application date.

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204. If BMP finds that an application received does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 201 and informs the applicant thereof, the application date is changed to the working day on which, within BMP's offices hours, BMP has received an amended application that meets the requirements set out in paragraph 201. If the applicant does not pay a fee to BMP in time as set out in paragraph 205, the application date is changed to the working day on which, within BMP's working hours, BMP or BMP's bank has received the fee.
205. When submitting an application, the applicant must pay a fee of DKK 1,000 for each personal licence applied for. The fee is payable to BMP and may also be paid by payment or transfer to BMP's bank account. BMP or BMP's bank must receive the fee not later than 14 days after the application date set out in paragraph 203.
206. If the application does not result in a licence being granted to the applicant, the fee mentioned in paragraph 205 will not be refunded to the applicant. The same applies if the applicant withdraws the application irrespective of cause.
207. If an application applied for is granted, the supervisory authority will make the final determination and delineation of the licence area in accordance with paragraph 605. The licence area is shown in a map with information on corner coordinates in degrees, minutes and seconds. The map is inserted in the licence.
208. The licence authority is free to decide whether an application or one or more competing applications will be granted in whole or in part. The licence authority may in relation to an applicant decide to grant a licence as applied for, to offer a licence for part of the licence area applied for or not to grant a licence.
209. The licence authority may at any time state that an area is not open for applications for personal licences, or that a special procedure must be used for submitting and considering such applications relating to an area. Moreover, deviations from the standard terms may apply.

§ 3. Number of licences and the relation between applications

301. A person must not be a licensee under more than five personal licences in any one calendar year.
302. If the granting of a licence applied for will mean that the applicant becomes the licensee under more than five personal licences in any one calendar year, the application will be denied. A person may not be a licensee under more personal licences for the same licence area. If the applicant applies for more personal licences for the same licence area, all applications related to the licence area will be denied.
303. Together, the personal licences in force from time to time must not cover more than 100 licence areas, which must be determined and delineated in accordance with paragraph 605. A licence area must not be covered by more than five personal licences. A licence applied for will not be granted if the granting of the licence will mean that all personal licences together cover more than 100 licence areas or that the licence area is covered by more than

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- five personal licences. If consequently one or more applications in an application group (cf. paragraphs 303 and 304) cannot be granted, the licence authority decides which licences applied for will be granted in accordance with paragraph 307.
304. Applications with a registered application date from the first up to and including the fifteenth day of a month are included in application group A for that month. Applications with a registered application date from the sixteenth up to and including the last day of a month are included in application group B for that month.
305. Applications received in the period from 1 July to 31 August are included in one overall application group, but will otherwise not be considered by BMP during this period. An application received in this period will be registered and considered by BMP after 31 August. However, in so far as possible the application will be registered with a conditionally registered application date determined in accordance with paragraph 203. This application date will remain unchanged unless it is found in connection with the consideration of the application after 31 August that the application does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 201, or that a fee has not been paid in time by the applicant to BMP as set out in paragraph 205. In the latter case, the application date is changed to the working day on which the requirements are met or the fee received; cf. paragraph 201 or paragraph 205.
306. If applications in one application group concern different licence areas applied for which overlap each other, the licence authority decides which licences applied for will be granted and the extent to which one or more of the licence areas applied for will be limited. The decision will be made in accordance with paragraph 307.
307. If BMP receives competing applications in the same application group, cf. paragraphs 302 and 305, BMP informs the applicants of this as soon as possible after the expiry of the application period for the application group. In the event of overlapping licence areas applied for, cf. paragraph 305, BMP also informs the applicants of the overlapping area and its delineation. Any applicant may then either leave the application unchanged or do as follows:
- a. The applicant may change the licence territory applied for, so that it is not covered by more than five personal licences, cf. paragraph 302, or so that an overlap with other licence territories applied for is excluded or limited, cf. paragraph 305. In both cases, the registered application date for the application will be maintained.
 - b. The applicant may submit information about the matters mentioned in paragraph 307a-d.
308. When the licence authority assesses, gives priority to and chooses between competing applications, cf. paragraphs 302 and 305, the licence authority focuses on the following matters (the list is not in order of priority):
- a. The applicant's technical and financial capabilities.
 - b. The licence authority's assessment of any former activities the applicant may have carried out in Greenland in pursuance of s. 32 of the Mineral Resources Act or

licences for prospecting and exploration for or exploitation of mineral resources, including personal licences.

- c. Any former experience the applicant may have with activities in Greenland in pursuance of s. 32 of the Mineral Resources Act or licences for prospecting and exploration for or exploitation of mineral resources, including personal licences.
 - d. Any former field work the applicant may have carried out within the licence area applied for under a licence.
 - e. The registered application date of the application in relation to the registered application date of competing applications, to the extent that the applications are within one application group.
 - f. The applicant's measures relating to possible changes of the licence area applied for; cf. paragraph 306a.
309. The licence authority considers all applications within one application group before it considers applications within a subsequent application group.

§ 4. Subsequent licences

401. At the expiry of the licence period, a licensee may apply for the granting of a similar personal licence for the subsequent year ("subsequent personal licence"). A subsequent personal licence must concern the same scope of licence, cf. § 5, licence area, cf. § 6, and minerals, cf. § 8, and a licence period from 1 January to 31 December.
402. A subsequent personal licence applied for will be granted to the licensee if:
- a. the licensee's previous personal licence, which is valid until 31 December of the previous year, is not terminated, revoked or suspended at this time;
 - b. the licensee has complied with the terms and fulfilled the obligations concerning the previous personal licence;
 - c. BMP has received an application for the subsequent personal licence not later than 31 December of the previous year; and
 - d. the licensee meets the requirements and conditions that apply to the granting of personal licences in the subsequent year.
403. Irrespective of paragraph 402, a subsequent personal licence will not be granted to the licensee if:
- a. the licence area applied for overlaps another licence area applied for that is covered by an application for an exclusive licence; and
 - b. the application for the exclusive licence is granted.

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404. On the expiry of the licence period, the licensee may apply for the granting of an exclusive licence for the licence area (“subsequent exclusive licence”). A subsequent exclusive licence may also cover other minerals than those covered by the personal licence.
405. A subsequent exclusive licence applied for will be granted to the licensee if:
- a. the licensee’s previous personal licence, which is valid until 31 December of the previous year, is not terminated, revoked or suspended at this time;
 - b. the licensee has complied with the terms and fulfilled the obligations concerning the previous personal licence;
 - c. BMP has received an application for the subsequent exclusive licence not later than 31 December of the previous year;
 - d. the licensee meets the requirements and conditions that apply to the granting of such exclusive licences in the subsequent year; and
 - e. any decision pursuant to paragraph 406 does not mean that the subsequent exclusive licence applied for cannot be granted.
406. If, during the licence period, the licensee applies for the granting of a subsequent exclusive licence for the licence area, cf. paragraph 404, and if the licence area is overlapped by another licence area applied for which is covered by an application for a exclusive licence, the licence authority will when considering the competing applications attach considerable importance to the licensee’s previous personal licence and the licence authority’s assessment of the licensee’s mineral activities in the licence area under the licence. The licence authority will also attach importance to the other matters mentioned in paragraph 307.
407. In the event that more licensees whose personal licences cover the same licence area apply for the granting of subsequent exclusive licences for the licence area, cf. paragraph 404, the licence authority may offer to grant one licence jointly to the competing applicants (“joint exclusive licence”). As a term for granting a joint exclusive licence, the licence authority may decide that the licensees must only carry out activities under the licence if the licensees enter into a cooperation agreement and carry out the activities in accordance with the agreement. The cooperation agreement must be approved by BMP. If the licensees do not wish to enter into a cooperation agreement, the licence authority may consider and give priority to the competing applications according to the provisions in § 3.

§ 5. Scope of the licence

501. The licence is personal. It covers only the licensee’s personal exploration for and exploitation of minerals in the licence area. The licence does not give an exclusive right to explore for and exploit minerals in the licence area.
502. The licensee must not have activities under the licence carried out by employees or other persons or parties.

§ 6. Licence area

601. The licence covers the area indicated in the licence.
602. The licence covers only land areas unless otherwise indicated in the licence. The boundary between the land area and the adjoining offshore area is determined at the mean seal level.
603. The licence area is indicated in the licence.
604. The licence includes a map of the licence area.
605. The licence area will be determined and delineated as follows:
- a. The licence area must be square and be delineated by corner coordinates stated in degrees, minutes and seconds and connected by lines of longitude and latitude, cf. letter b, unless BMP grants special permission to another delineation. The licence area must not be longer than 1 km. Its area must not exceed 0.25 km².
 - b. The corner points of the licence area must be numbered clockwise starting in the upper left corner of the licence area.

§ 7. Licence period

701. The licence will be valid from 1 January if granted (signed by the Home Rule Government) before this date, and otherwise from the date it is granted until 31 December of the same year.

§ 8. Minerals covered by the licence

801. The licence covers exploration for and exploitation of the mineral resources indicated in the licence. The licence can, however, never cover hydrocarbons or radioactive elements.

§ 9. Fees

901. The licensee shall pay a fee of DKK 1,000 to BMP on the granting of the licence; cf. s. 7(6) of the Mineral Resources Act.

§ 10. Activities of other parties in the licence area

1001. The licensee must respect all existing rights, including rights under licences for prospecting and exploration for or exploitation of mineral resources. The licence involves no restrictions in any third party's rights to carry out legal activities in the licence area, including the activities mentioned in paragraph 1002.
1002. Within the licence area, parties other than the licensee may:

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- a. be granted prospecting licences for mineral resources, including minerals covered by the licence, cf. Part 2 of the Mineral Resources Act;
 - b. be granted personal non-exclusive licences for exploration for and exploitation of minerals, including minerals covered by the licence, cf. Part 3 of the Mineral Resources Act;
 - c. be granted approval of establishment and operation of facilities, buildings, installations, pipelines, infrastructure, etc. with a view to carrying out activities in pursuance of the Mineral Resources Act;
 - d. conduct scientific investigations as stated in s. 2(2) and s. 21 of the Mineral Resources Act; and
 - e. Collect and extract mineral resources in pursuance of s. 32 of the Mineral Resources Act.
1003. BMP may decide that in all or parts of the licence area the licensee must not carry out mineral activities relating to all or certain types of minerals if environmental, public health or safety concerns so dictate.
1004. The licensee must ensure that the activities of other parties pursuant to paragraph 1002 are not unnecessarily hampered. The activities of other parties pursuant to paragraph 1002 must also be carried out in such a way that the licensee's activities under the licence are not unnecessarily hampered.

§ 11. Requirements of the licensee

1101. In the entire licence period, the licensee must:
- a. be a permanent resident and fully liable to pay tax in Greenland;
 - b. be legally competent and not be under guardianship; and
 - c. be capable of managing his own affairs, including not being in suspension of payments, in bankruptcy or in a situation comparable therewith.

§ 12. Activity plan

1201. The licensee must prepare an activity plan for the exploration and exploitation activities. Before commencing exploration and exploitation activities, the Home Rule Government must approve the above activity plan subject to agreement with the Danish Government in accordance with ss. 10 and 19 of the Mineral Resources Act. The activity plan must include the following:

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- a. The licensee's plan for organising and implementing the exploration and exploitation activities in a sound manner in terms of health, safety and the environment.
 - b. The licensee's plan for storing, depositing and transporting mineral resources covered by the licence.
 - c. The licensee's plan for closing down the exploration and exploitation activities ("the closure plan").
1202. The activity plan must be in accordance with BMP's rules for field work and reporting, to the extent that such rules are applicable to the activities. When preparing the activity plan, the licensee may use the form set out in appendix 2. If BMP so requests, the licensee must give additional information about the activity plan. If matters relating to the activity plan are changed significantly or BMP so requests, the licensee must prepare an updated activity plan. The same applies to the closure plan.
1203. Exploration and exploitation activities must not be carried out unless they are covered by an activity plan approved by the Home Rule Government subject to agreement with the Danish Government in accordance with ss. 10 and 19 of the Mineral Resources Act.
1204. The Home Rule Government's approval of the activity plan does not exempt the licensee from obtaining BMP's permission to perform activities covered by the activity plan if the activities according to paragraph 1303 may be performed only according to a special permission granted by BMP.

§ 13. Performance and approval of activities, etc.

1301. Exploration and exploitation activities covered by the licence must be performed in a sound manner in terms of health, safety and the environment, in an expedient manner and in such a way that due consideration is given to resources. Moreover, the activities must be performed in accordance with BMP's rules for field work and reporting, to the extent that such rules are applicable to the activities.
1302. The licensee may perform the following activities although BMP has not granted special permission to such activities:
- a. Exploration or exploitation activities by using handheld devices, including tools, instruments, equipment, machines or containers.
 - b. Drilling or extraction by using handheld devices, including drilling machines, hammers, chisels and crowbars.
 - c. Short-term storage of minerals or fuels or other substances or materials for use for the performance of exploration or exploitation activities.

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1303. The licensee may only perform the following activities if upon application BMP has granted special permission to such activities:
- a. Exploration or exploitation activities by using small movable devices, including tools, equipment, machines, fuel tanks or containers.
 - b. Transport of persons or goods to or from the licence area by using small, light motor-driven vehicles, including snow scooters with trailers, or small vessels.
 - c. The placing of small, movable dwelling units in or next to the licence area and using such units for the purpose of accommodation of the licensee himself.
1304. The licensee may not perform the following activities:
- a. Use explosives.
 - b. Use tools, instruments, equipment, substances or materials containing radioactive elements.
 - c. Drilling, extraction, digging, removal, loading, unloading or local transport by using small, light, self-propelled machines or similar vehicles, including mini excavators, mini cranes, mini loaders and mini dumpers.
 - d. Long-term storage or depositing of minerals, fuels or other substances or materials.
 - e. Alteration of the terrain for the purpose of performing exploration or exploitation activities, including by establishing a storage site, accommodation site or temporary work road.
 - f. Establish measures that directly or indirectly prevent or restrict other licensees' similar access to carry out exploration and exploitation activities in any part of the licence area.
1305. Pursuant to s. 24 of the Mineral Resources Act, the Home Rule Government may lay down detailed rules for the carrying out of activities under licences within and outside the licence area, including rules relating to technical, safety, environmental and resource-related matters. The rules apply to the performance of activities under the licence to the extent that the rules apply to the licence.
1306. The licensee must take all necessary measures to ensure that the work does not present a risk of injury to persons or damage to any third party's property. Moreover, the licensee must ensure that the risk of pollution and other harmful effects to the environment within and outside the licence area is minimised as much as possible.
1307. If the licensee's activities present a risk of injury to persons or damage to any third party's property, or if the risk of pollution or harmful effects to the environment exceeds a level deemed acceptable by BMP, BMP may order the licensee to remedy the matter and make good any damage within a time limit fixed by BMP. If BMP finds it necessary, BMP may also order the licensee to suspend activities in whole or in part until the licensee has

remedied the matter. BMP may also order the licensee to prepare a plan for remedying the matter.

1308. If the licensee causes damage, cf. paragraph 1307, the licensee must pay compensation for any damage or loss caused, irrespective of whether it is inflicted on the State, Greenland Home Rule or third parties, including individuals or enterprises.
1309. The licensee must regularly clean up and repair damage to terrain, vegetation and the environment caused by the licensee's activities.

§ 14. Supervision

1401. BMP supervises the licensee's activities under the licence; cf. s. 25 of the Mineral Resources Act. BMP may authorise one or more authorities, persons, enterprises, etc. to supervise the licensee's activities under the licence. The supervisor is entitled in all respects to follow and examine all the licensee's activities and to demand information from the licensee about the licensee's activities under the licence. The supervisor has at all times, on proof of identity and without a court order, access to all parts of the licensee's activities to the extent required for the purpose of carrying out the supervision.
1402. The supervisor may take out samples of geological material, obtained as part of the licensee's activities.
1403. BMP may prosecute the licensee's violation of current laws and regulations, etc. relating to the licensee's activities and may issue an order to ensure compliance with the legislation. If the licensee does not fulfil its obligations under the licence, BMP may take legal action and issue an order to ensure the fulfilment of the obligations. The same applies in respect of the licensee's failure to comply with provisions in the licence.
1404. If the licensee causes damage, cf. paragraph 1403, the licensee must pay compensation for any damage or loss caused, irrespective of whether it is inflicted on the State, Greenland Home Rule or third parties, including individuals or enterprises.

§ 15. Obligations on termination of activities

1501. On termination of activities under the licence, the licensee must finally and fully clean up and remedy any damage and effects on the environment, nature and flora and fauna within and outside the licence area as well as other affected areas. BMP must approve the clean up and remedy.
1502. If the licensee does not comply with an order to carry out the measures indicated in paragraph 1501 within a deadline fixed by BMP, BMP may have such measures carried out for the licensee's account and risk; cf. s. 18(3) of the Mineral Resources Act.
1503. On the termination of the exploration and exploitation activities, the closure activities must be performed by the licensee in accordance with the closure plan. If the licensee exceeds a deadline for performing closure activities and does not comply with an order to perform

the activities before a deadline fixed by BMP, BMP may have the activities performed for the licensee's account and risk, cf. s. 18(3) of the Mineral Resources Act.

§ 16. Reporting

1601. In the year after the expiry of the licence period, the licensee must not later than 15 January submit a report to BMP on the overall exploration activities in the entire licence period. The report must include the information mentioned in Appendix 3 on the individual kinds of minerals exploited. The report must also include an overall statement of all minerals exploited in the entire licence period. Moreover, the report must include information on the licensee's name and address and the licence number with BMP.
1602. In the report mentioned in paragraph 1601, the licensee must state the total value of all minerals exploited in the entire licence period. If BMP so requests, the licensee must also as soon as possible after having received the request inform BMP of all minerals that the licensee stores, transports or in any other way has in his possession or at his disposal. The licensee must also as soon as possible inform BMP of the value of the minerals.
1603. If BMP asks for an independent verification of the valuation of all or some of the minerals, the licensee must provide free access to these minerals for such valuation.
1604. If BMP so requests, the licensee must submit samples of geological material to BMP.
1605. If the licensee finds other mineral resources than those covered by the licence, the licensee must report this to BMP.

§ 17. Sale and export of exploited minerals

1701. On any sale or export from Greenland of minerals exploited under the licence or otherwise collected or extracted in the licence area, the licensee must submit a report thereon to BMP. The report must be sent to BMP not later than 14 days after the sale or export.
1702. The report on sale or export must be prepared in the form set out in Appendix 4 and must include satisfactory information on the following matters:
 - a. Licensee's name and address.
 - b. The licence number with BMP.
 - c. The kind of minerals (e.g. mineral type).
 - d. The degree of processing of the minerals.
 - e. The product code number of the minerals.

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- f. The quality of the minerals.
 - g. The quantity of the minerals.
 - h. The value of the minerals.
 - i. Method used in the valuation.
 - j. If the licensee has not personally processed the minerals, the report must include the name and address of the person or persons who have processed the minerals.
 - k. If the minerals are sold, the report must include the name and address of the buyer. If the minerals are exported from Greenland and are not sold in this connection, the report must include the name and address of the recipient.
 - l. Any other information required by BMP.

§ 18. Confidentiality

- 1801. Any report received by BMP in pursuance of paragraph 1701 is treated as confidential for five years from receipt. However, the period of confidentiality ends on the expiry of the licence.
- 1802. Irrespective of paragraph 1801, BMP is entitled to:
 - a. make general statements about the licence area and the activities covered by the licence on the basis of the material received from the licensee; and
 - b. use and publish material received from the licensee on general geological and geophysical matters, including generalised interpretations.

§ 19. Assignment and legal action

- 1901. The licence or any part thereof cannot, either directly or indirectly, be assigned to others.
- 1902. The licence cannot become the subject of legal action.

§ 20. Revocation of the licence

- 2001. BMP may revoke the licence in the following cases; cf. s. 28 of the Mineral Resources Act:
 - a. If the licensee disregards terms stipulated in the licence or provisions stipulated in or under the authority of the Mineral Resources Act or the licence, or if the licensee exceeds deadlines.
 - b. If the licensee acts fraudulently when giving information to BMP.

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- c. If the licensee does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 1101.
2002. Revocation pursuant to paragraph 2101a cannot take place if the licensee has taken remedial action within a reasonable time limit fixed by BMP. If the matter has not been remedied before the expiry of the time limit, the licence may be revoked without further notice.

§ 21. Interest on amounts due

2101. If the licensee does not pay fees, taxes, reimbursement amounts or other amounts due on time, the licensee must pay interest on the amount due. Interest is added at a rate fixed in pursuance of the Act on Interest on Overdue Payments, etc. (the Interest Act).

§ 22. Liability

2201. The licensee is liable for any damage and loss caused by the operations covered by the licence and related activities according to the legislation and the general rules of the Danish law of damages.

§ 23. Relation to other legislation

2301. The licence is subject to the rules of law in force in Greenland from time to time. Thus, the licence implies no limitations in Greenland Home Rule's and the State's general taxation right or in the access to lay down general provisions in acts and subordinate legislation on the performance of activities under the licence. The licence does not exempt the licensee from obtaining the approvals and permissions required by the Mineral Resources Act and other legislation.

§ 24. Obligations on termination of the licence

2401. The termination of the licence does not exempt the licensee from fulfilling the obligations resting on him under the law, the licence or other provisions, terms or orders laid down.
2402. On the termination of the licence, BMP may within one year of the termination take over free of charge all data, geological material and other samples obtained by the licensee and relating to the licence area. After this time, the licensee may discard such data, samples and geological material at any time.
2403. BMP's access to take over data, geological material and other samples pursuant to paragraph 2402 may be deferred if an agreement is made between the licensee and BMP on satisfactory storage and access for third parties to the relevant data, cores and other samples.

§ 25. Translations

2501. The licence and the standard terms are drawn up in Danish. Translations of the licence and the standard terms have no legal validity.

Appendix 1 – Application for personal non-exclusive licence for exploration and exploitation

A APPLICANT

Name

Address

Telephone

Email (if any)

B DELINEATION OF AREA

C OTHER INFORMATION OF RELEVANCE TO THE APPLICATION

D PAYMENT

Documentation for payment of application fee

Date and signature

Appendix 2 – Activity plan

Health and safety at work	Description
What personal safety equipment must be used in the licence area?	
What communication equipment will you use to ensure contact with the surrounding world?	
How will you ensure that people and animals are not injured in your licence area (holes, equipment, etc.)?	
What will you do to avoid danger of fire?	
What will you do to avoid dust problems?	
What will you do to avoid noise problems?	
What will you do to avoid accidents to persons?	
What will you do in case of an accident to a person?	
What will you do in case of bad weather?	

What machines/tools will you use?	
Environment	
What will you do to avoid oil pollution of the environment?	
What will you do to ensure clean drinking water in the licence area?	
How will you provide toilet facilities in the licence area?	
What will you do with rubbish from the licence area?	
What will you do to avoid disturbing the fauna?	

What will you do to avoid damaging the vegetation and terrain?	
Storage, depositing and transport of mineral resources	
How will you store the mineral resource extracted?	
What will you do with the material not exploited?	
How will you transport exploited mineral resources away from the licence area?	
How will you determine the quantity of exploited mineral resources?	
Closure plan	
How will you re-establish nature in the licence area?	
How will you remove dwelling and storage facilities from the area?	

Appendix 3 – Reporting

A PLACE OF EXPLOITATION (Area number + local authority)

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B KIND OF MINERALS (E.G. MINERAL TYPE)

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C DEGREE OF PROCESSING

--

D PRODUCT CODE NUMBER OF THE MINERALS

--

E QUALITY OF THE MINERALS

--

F QUANTITY (Kg) OF THE MINERALS

--

G IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION ON THE MINERALS

--

H VALUE OF THE MINERALS (DKK)

Stored (Kg and DKK)	Sold (Kg and DKK)	Exported (Kg and DKK)

I METHOD OF VALUATION

J STORAGE PLACE OF THE MINERALS

K PERSONS/ENTERPRISES THAT HAVE PROCESSED THE MINERALS

Date and signature

Appendix 4 – Information on the sale of minerals

A APPLICANT

Name

Address

Telephone

Email (if any)

Exploitation

licence (number)

B KIND OF MINERALS

C DEGREE OF PROCESSING

D PRODUCT CODE NUMBER OF THE MINERALS

E LICENCE AREA

--

F PERSONS/ENTERPRISES THAT HAVE PROCESSED THE MINERALS

--

H INFORMATION ON THE SALE OF MINERALS (If the buyer is from outside Greenland, state the time of export and the buyer's address abroad)

Quantity	Sales price	Time of sale	Buyer's name	Buyer's address

Date and signature